

WALNUT

PROCEDURES FOR SOIL AND PLANT TISSUE SAMPLING

Soil and leaf tissue analyses can help determine the fertilization needs of your crops and assist in identifying problem conditions if they exist. This guide will help you collect representative and meaningful samples which will assure accurate laboratory analysis data.

Leaf tissue analysis is most useful in evaluating the nutrient status or toxic levels of a growing crop especially when results can be compared with interpretive guides.

Preplant or postplant soil analyses provide useful information for measurement of fertility or toxicity levels and to substantiate amendment requirements. Data from soil analyses is most meaning when used in conjunction with leaf tissue analysis results.

SOIL SAMPLING - WALNUT

When to Sample - Soils

Preplant soil analysis data is used to determine the most appropriate plant variety and helps determine the need for preplant fertilizers or soil amendments.

Soil samples may be collected throughout the year to monitor soil conditions or to determine the causes for poor growth in specific locations.

How to Sample - Soils

Soil samples should be representative of the area to be treated. If possible, areas should be uniform with respect to soil texture, slope, variety and irrigation design. Areas sampled should not be larger than 10-20 acres. Problem areas should be sampled separately and compared with samples taken from adjacent non problem areas. The location of the sample areas should be noted and marked on a parcel or planting map for future reference.

Soil samples should contain at least 10-20 cores for each sample area. Samples should be collected from the irrigated area at or near the drip line of the plants. Retrieve an equal amount of soil from the surface to a depth 36 inches (0-36"). Soil core samples should be placed in a clean bucket and thoroughly mixed. Approximately a quart volume of this soil will be required for analysis purposes.



Corporate Offices & Laboratory 853 Corporation Street Santa Paula, CA 93060 TEL: (805)392-2000 Env FAX: (805)525-4172 / Ag FAX: (805)392-2063 FAX: (209)942-0423 CA ELAP Certification No. 1573

Office & Laboratory 2500 Stagecoach Road Stockton, CA 95215 TEL: (209)942-0182

Office & Laboratory 563 E. Lindo Avenue Chico, CA 95926 TEL: (530)343-5818 FAX: (530)343-3807

Office & Laboratory 3442 Empresa Drive, Suite D San Luis Obispo, CA 93401 TEL: (805)783-2940 FAX: (805)783-2912 CA ELAP Certification No. 1563 CA ELAP Certification No. 2670 CA ELAP Certification No. 2775 CA ELAP Certification No. 2810

Office & Laboratory 9415 W. Goshen Avenue Visalia, CA 93291 TEL: (559)734-9473 FAX: (559)734-8435

PLANT TISSUE SAMPLING - WALNUT

When to Sample

Walnut leaf samples are collected in July or August. For problem diagnosis other sampling times may be acceptable.

How to Sample

Leaf samples should be representative of the area to be fertilized. The sampler should traverse each area collecting samples perpendicularly or diagonally to the tree rows. Sampling areas should be uniform with respect to soil texture, slope, variety and irrigation design and should not be larger than 10-20 acres. Problem areas should be sampled separately.

Volume and Type of Plant Tissue to Collect

30 leaflets from each area will be sufficient. Collect the most recently expanded mature terminal leaflets from non-fruiting shoots.

Labeling, Packaging, and Shipping

All leaf and soil samples should be labeled with your name and address, sample identification, crop, variety, tree age, previous problems (if any) and the required analyses. Leaf tissues should be placed in <u>paper bags</u> and soil samples in <u>plastic bags</u>. Leaf samples should be delivered to the laboratory as soon as possible in order to ensure freshness. If held for more than one day, leaf samples should be stored in paper bags at room temperature until delivered or shipped. Analytical nutrient values are not affected if samples are allowed to air dry naturally. This becomes a problem if moisture is present and mold develops.

As an alternative to delivering directly to our laboratory, leaf and soil samples can be shipped via overnight UPS, U.S. Mail, or other private couriers.

When in doubt

If you have any questions or require assistance relating to the above, please visit <u>www.fglinc.com</u> or call Fruit Growers Laboratory's Agronomic Services.